

# Southern Gas Networks Notice of LDZ Transportation Charges

Effective from 1 April 2016

Issued 29th January 2016



# SGN

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# 1 Introduction

This publication gives Notice of the LDZ transportation charges expected to apply from 1 April 2016 for the use of Southern Gas Networks gas distribution network, as required by Standard Special Condition A4 of the Gas Transporter Licence. This document does not override or vary any of the statutory, licence or Network Code obligations upon Southern Gas Networks.

For more information on the charges set out in this document, please contact via email: -  
[pricingteam@scotiagasnetworks.co.uk](mailto:pricingteam@scotiagasnetworks.co.uk)

## 2 Transportation Charges to Apply from 1 April 2016

### 2.1 LDZ System Charges

The standard LDZ system charges consist of capacity and commodity charges with separate functions for directly connected supply points and for Connected System Exit Points (CSEPs). As set out in DNPC08, with effect from 1 April 2012 the separate functions for CSEPs ceased and the same charges apply to CSEPs as to directly connected supply points.

Where the LDZ charges are based on functions, these functions use Supply Point Off take Quantity (SOQ) in the determination of the charges. At daily metered (DM) supply points the SOQ is the registered supply point capacity. For non-daily metered (NDM) supply points, the SOQ is calculated using the supply point End User Category (EUC) and the appropriate load factor. Details of EUCs and load factors are shown in Appendix 2A of the full Charging Statement.

#### 2.1.1 Directly Connected Supply Points and CSEPs

The unit charges and charging functions used to calculate charges to directly connected supply points and CSEPs are set out below.

##### LDZ System Charge Codes-Directly Connected Supply Points and Connected System

Directly Connected		CSEPS	
Invoice	Charge Code	Invoice	Charge Code
LDZ Capacity	ZCA	ADC Capacity	891
LDZ Commodity	ZCO	ADC Commodity	893

##### LDZ System Capacity Charges-Directly Connected Supply Points and Connected Systems

Charge Band (kWh/annum)	Capacity p/peak day kWh/day
Up to 73,200	0.1948
73,200 to 732,000	0.1546
>732,000 kWh	$2.0294 \times \text{SOQ}^{-0.2970}$
Subject to a minimum rate of	0.0040
Minimum reached at SOQ of	1,284,635,786 kWh

## LDZ System Commodity Charges-Directly Connected Supply Points and Connected Systems

Charge Band (kWh/annum)	Commodity p/kWh
Up to 73,200	0.0337
73,200 to 732,000	0.0265
>732,000 kWh	$0.4009 \times \text{SOQ}^{-0.3129}$
Subject to a minimum rate of	0.0008
Minimum reached at SOQ of	425,385,400 kWh

### 2.1.2 CSEPs Charging

LDZ System charges for transportation to Connected System Exit Points (CSEPs) are identical to those for transportation to direct loads.

In the calculation of the LDZ charges payable for CSEPs, the unit commodity and capacity charges are based on the supply point capacity equal to the CSEP peak day load for the completed development irrespective of the actual stage of development.

The SOQ used is therefore the estimated SOQ for the completed development as provided in the appropriate Network Exit Agreement (NExA). For any particular CSEP, each shipper will pay identical LDZ unit charges regardless of the proportion of gas shipped. Reference needs to be made to the relevant NExA or CSEP ancillary agreement to determine the completed supply point capacity.

### 2.1.3 Optional LDZ Charge

The optional LDZ tariff is available, as a single charge, as an alternative to the standard LDZ system charges. This tariff may be attractive to large loads located close to the NTS. The rationale for the optional tariff is that, for large Network loads located close to the NTS or for potential new Network loads in a similar situation, the standard LDZ tariff can appear to give perverse economic incentives for the construction of new pipelines when Network connections are already available. This could result in an inefficient outcome for all system users.

The charge is calculated using the function below:

Invoice	Charge Code	p/peak day kWh/day
ADU	881	$902 \times [(\text{SOQ})^{-0.834}] \times D + 772 \times (\text{SOQ})^{-0.717}$

Where (SOQ) is the Registered Supply Point Capacity, or other appropriate measure, in kWh per day and D is the direct distance, in km, from the site boundary to the nearest point on the NTS. Note that ^ means "to the power of ..."

Further information on the optional LDZ tariff can be obtained from the pricing team via email at

[pricingteam@scotiagasnetworks.co.uk](mailto:pricingteam@scotiagasnetworks.co.uk)

## 2.2 LDZ Customer Charges

For supply points with an AQ of less than 73,200 kWh per annum, the customer charge is a capacity charge. For supply points with an AQ between 73,200 and 732,000 kWh per annum, the customer charge is made up of a fixed charge which depends on the frequency of meter reading, plus a capacity charge based on the registered supply point capacity (SOQ).

For supply points with an AQ of over 732,000 kWh per annum, the customer charge is based on a function related to the registered supply point capacity (SOQ).

The unit charges and charging functions used to calculate customer charges to directly connected supply points are as follows:

### LDZ Customer Capacity Charges

Charge Code	CCA
Charge Band (kWh/annum)	p/peak day kWh/day
Up to 73,200	0.0898
73,200 to 732,000	0.0035
>732,000 kWh	$0.0752 \times \text{SOQ}^{-0.2100}$

In addition to the above, the following fixed charge applies to supply points with an AQ between 73,200 and 732,000 kWh:

### LDZ Customer Fixed Charges

Charge Code	CFI
Supply Point Fixed Charge	Fixed Charge p/day
Non-monthly read	30.9512
Monthly read	32.9563

## 2.3 Other Charges

Other Charges include administration charges at Connected System Exit Points, Shared Supply Meter Points and Interconnectors.

### 2.3.1 Connected System Exit Points

A CSEP is a system point comprising one or more individual exit points which are not supply meter points. This includes connections to a pipeline system operated by a Gas Transporter other than Southern Gas Networks.

The calculation of LDZ charges payable for shipping to CSEPs is explained in section 2.1.2.

There is no customer charge payable for connected systems, however separate administration processes are required to manage the daily operations and invoicing associated with CSEPs for which an administration charge is made.

These charges will apply only until the UK-Link replacement is implemented, which is presently expected to be from 1<sup>st</sup> October 2016.

The administration charge which applies to CSEPs containing NDM and DM sites is:

<b>Charge per supply point</b>	<b>0.0829 pence per day (£0.30 per annum)</b>
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The invoice and charge codes are:

<b>Invoice</b>	<b>Charge Code</b>	
<b>DM CSEP</b>	ADU	883
<b>NDM CSEP</b>	ADC	894

### 2.3.2 Shared Supply meter point allocation arrangements

An allocation service for daily metered supply points with AQs of more than 58,600 MWh per annum is available. This allows shippers / suppliers to supply gas through a shared supply meter point.

The allocation of daily gas flows between the shippers / suppliers can be done either by an appointed agent or by the transporter.

The administration charges which relate to these arrangements are shown below. Individual charges depend on the type of allocation service nominated and whether the site is telemetered or non-telemetered.

The charges are (expressed as £ per shipper per supply point):

<b>Invoice</b>	<b>Charge Code</b>
ADU	883

<b>Agent Service</b>	<b>Telemetered</b>	<b>Non-telemetered</b>
Setup charge	£107.00	£183.00
Shipper-shipper transfer charge	£126.00	£210.00
Daily charge	£2.55	£2.96

<b>Transporter Service</b>	<b>Telemetered</b>	<b>Non-telemetered</b>
Setup charge	£107.00	£202.00
Shipper-shipper transfer charge	£126.00	£210.00
Daily charge	£2.55	£3.05

### 2.3.3 LDZ System Entry Commodity Charge

The new methodology relating to Distributed Gas Charging Arrangements as set out in Uniform Network Code Modification 0391 and approved by Ofgem in September 2012 and implemented from 1st April 2013. The LDZ System Entry Commodity Charge reflects the operating costs associated with the entry of the distributed gas and the benefits in terms of deemed NTS Exit and distribution network usage. The rate associated with the LDZ System Entry Commodity Charge is calculated on a site by site basis.

#### LDZ System Entry Commodity Rate

Site Name	Distributed Gas Entry Commodity Rate (p/kWh)
Didcot Biomass	0.0780 (credit)
Poundbury Biomass	0.0838 (credit)
Portsdown Hill	0.0187 (credit)
Appsley Farm	0.0731 (credit)
Blackpitts Brackley	0.0850 (credit)
Gorebasin Isle of Wight	0.0851 (credit)
Ickneild Farm	0.0732 (credit)
St Nicholas Court Farm	0.0846 (credit)
Riverside AD Mitcham	0.0848 (credit)
Arla Aylesbury	0.0852 (credit)
Ebbsfleet Farm Ramsgate	0.0850 (credit)

SGN are aware of new DN entry points that are progressing through their engineering development these may require new DN entry rates to be published within the charging period.

### 2.3.4 Distribution Network (NTS) Exit Capacity Charge (ECN)

Following the implementation of Uniform Network Code Modification 0195AV industry arrangements for the charging of NTS Exit Capacity costs changed on the 1st October 2012. National Grid Transmission will invoice gas Distribution Networks (DNs) for booked NTS Exit Capacity and DN's will invoice gas shippers in line with DNPC06 ("Proposals for LDZ Charges to Recover NTS Exit Capacity Charges). Ofgem have set an allowance for Southern Gas Networks to recover costs associated with NTS Exit Capacity charges.

#### Exit Capacity Charges relating to South East Local Distribution Zone:

The Local Transmission System in the South East LDZ is highly integrated with customers being supplied by a number of SGN offtakes at various times throughout the gas year.

One of the consequences of this integration is the capacity which is booked at the NTS Offtake into Exit Zone SE2 facilitates gas to flow through to customers located in Exit Zone SE1 in order to operate the network efficiently. NTS Exit charges are now based on the capacity booked by SGN at NTS Offtakes which in turn supply LDZ exit zones. SGN have been provided with an allowance by Ofgem for NTS Exit capacity costs which are then charged to shippers based on the relevant LDZ's apportionment of NTS Exit Capacity costs. The nominated or calculated SOQ in the respective Exit Zone is used to calculate the charge to shippers. In the SE LDZ there are two Exit zones, SE1 and SE2. In Exit zone SE2 the capacity booked by SGN with NTS (and the associated charges) is greater than the capacity used in SE2, therefore customers would have to pay higher charges than the actual capacity used within this exit zone. We consider that this is an unintended consequence of the change in the charging methodology and in order to overcome this issue Southern Gas Networks have aggregated all of the NTS exit capacity charges in the SE LDZ (Exit Zones SE1 and SE2) which will result in the ECN charges being calculated using the same ECN rate within these two exit zones reflecting the fact that all NTS exit points provide the required capacity.

The ECN charges for Southern Gas Networks are detailed in the table below:

Invoice	Charge Code
LDZ Capacity	ECN

Exit Zone	ECN Charge Rate (p/peak day/kWh/day)
SO1	0.0134
SO2	0.0294
SE1	0.0162
SE2	0.0162