

DIGITAL SOLUTIONS

AUG Technical Workgroup of UNCC

Introductory Meeting for 2018/19

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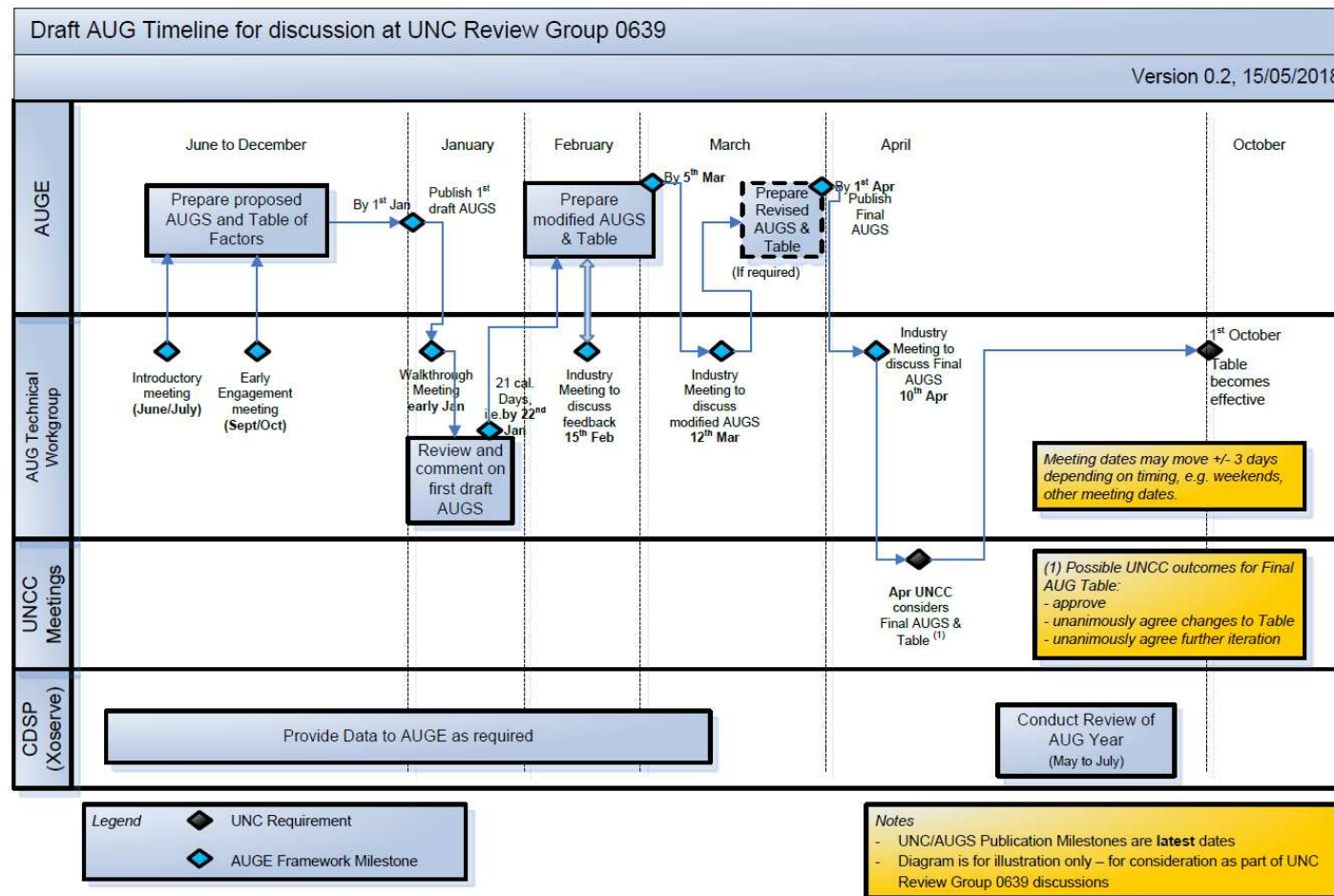
10 August 2018

Agenda

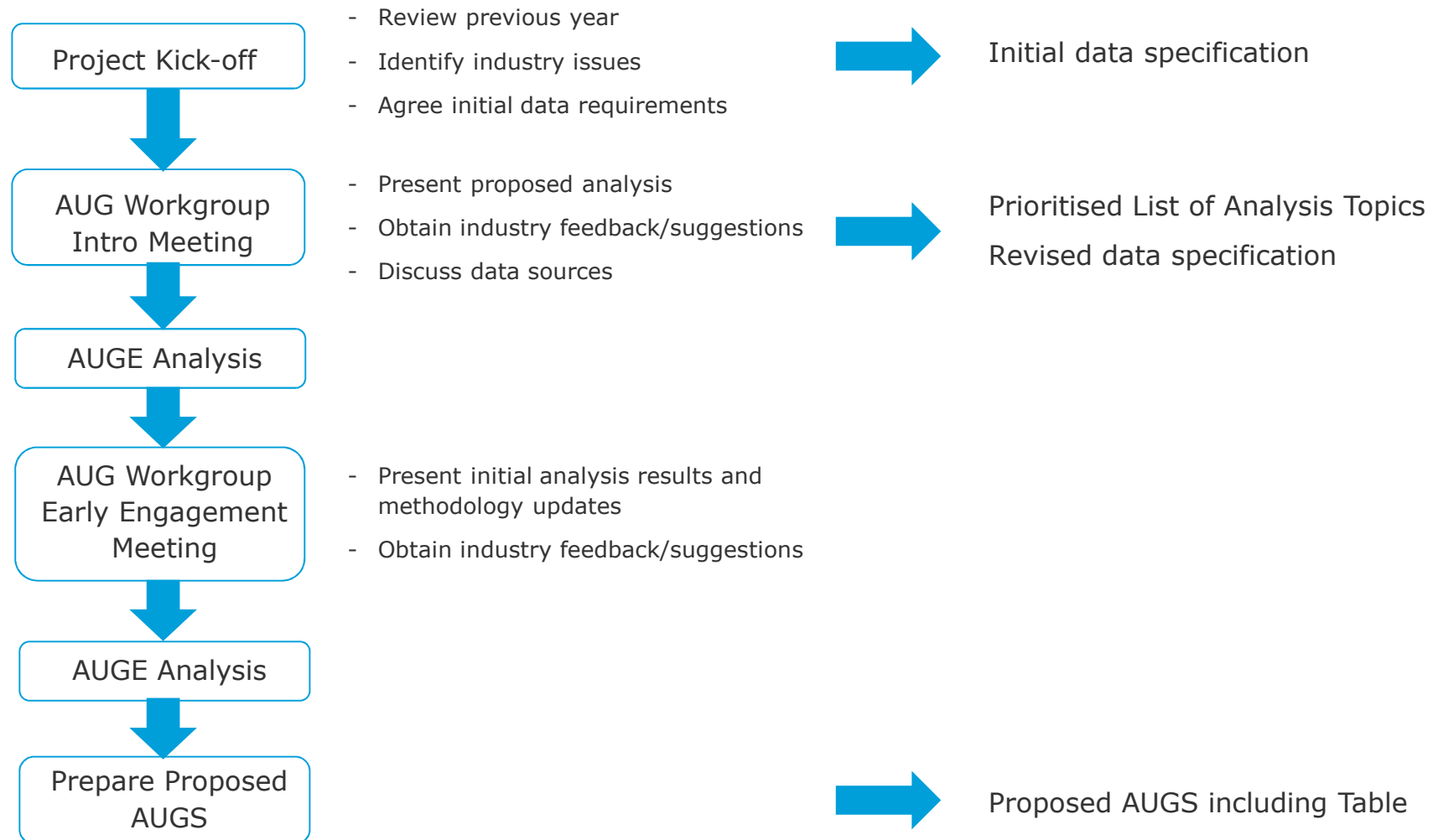
- Introduction
- High Level Approach to Developing AUG Methodology
- Proposed Changes to Methodology
 - Carried forward consultation responses
- Industry Changes and Modifications
- Proposed Data Sources
- Next Steps

Introduction

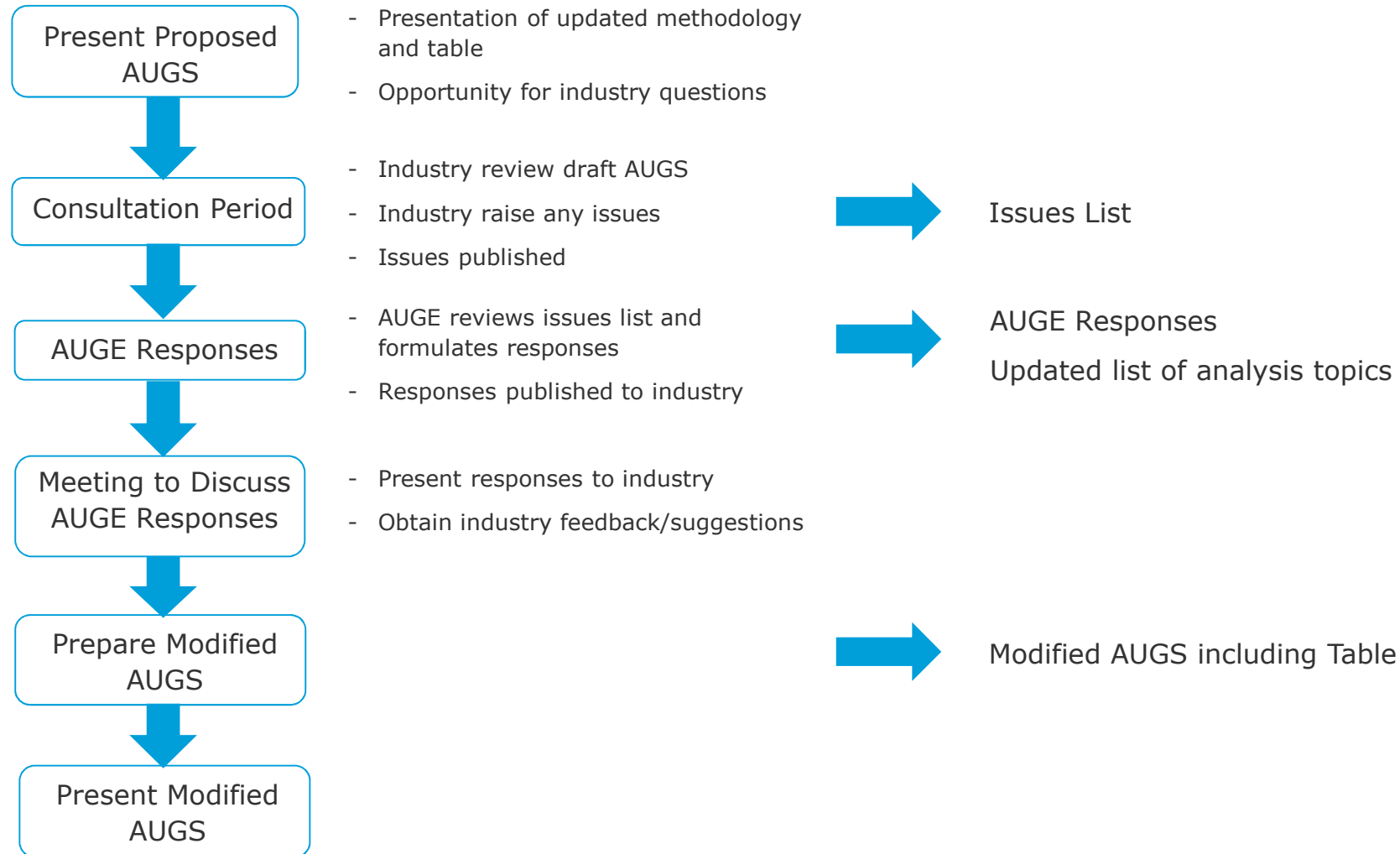
■ Mod 0639R – Review of AUG Framework and Arrangements



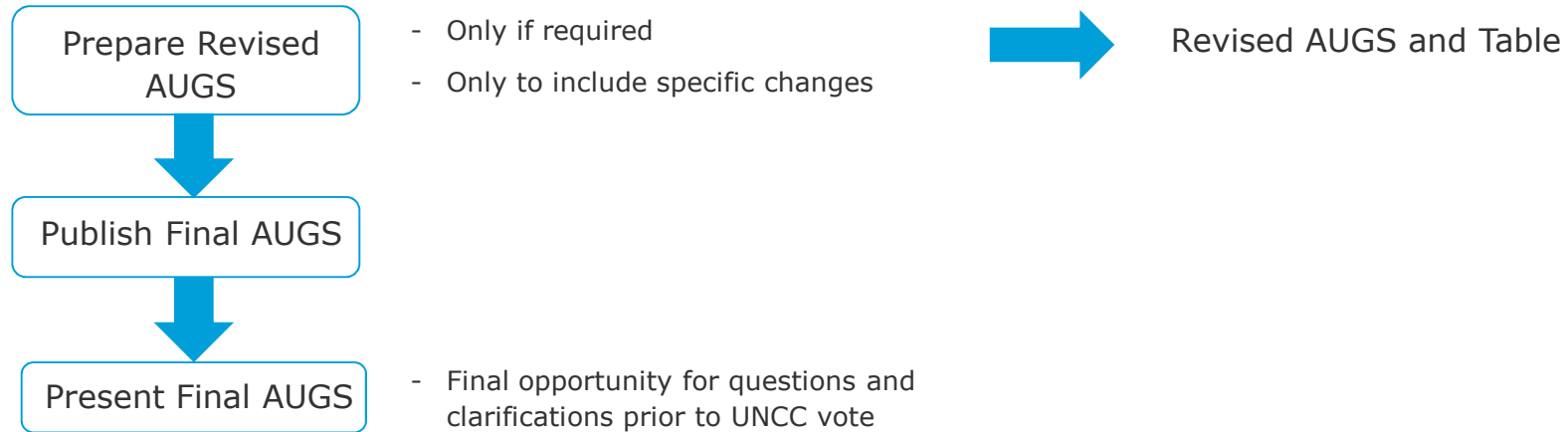
Approach



Approach



Approach



Proposed Changes to Methodology

- Methodology Updates
 - Alternative Replacement Values in Consumption Calculation

- Areas for Investigation
 - Theft
 - Volume to Energy Conversion
 - Theft from PC2 Sites (ex DME/DMV)

- Other Potential Areas for Investigation
 - Discussion

Proposed Changes to Methodology

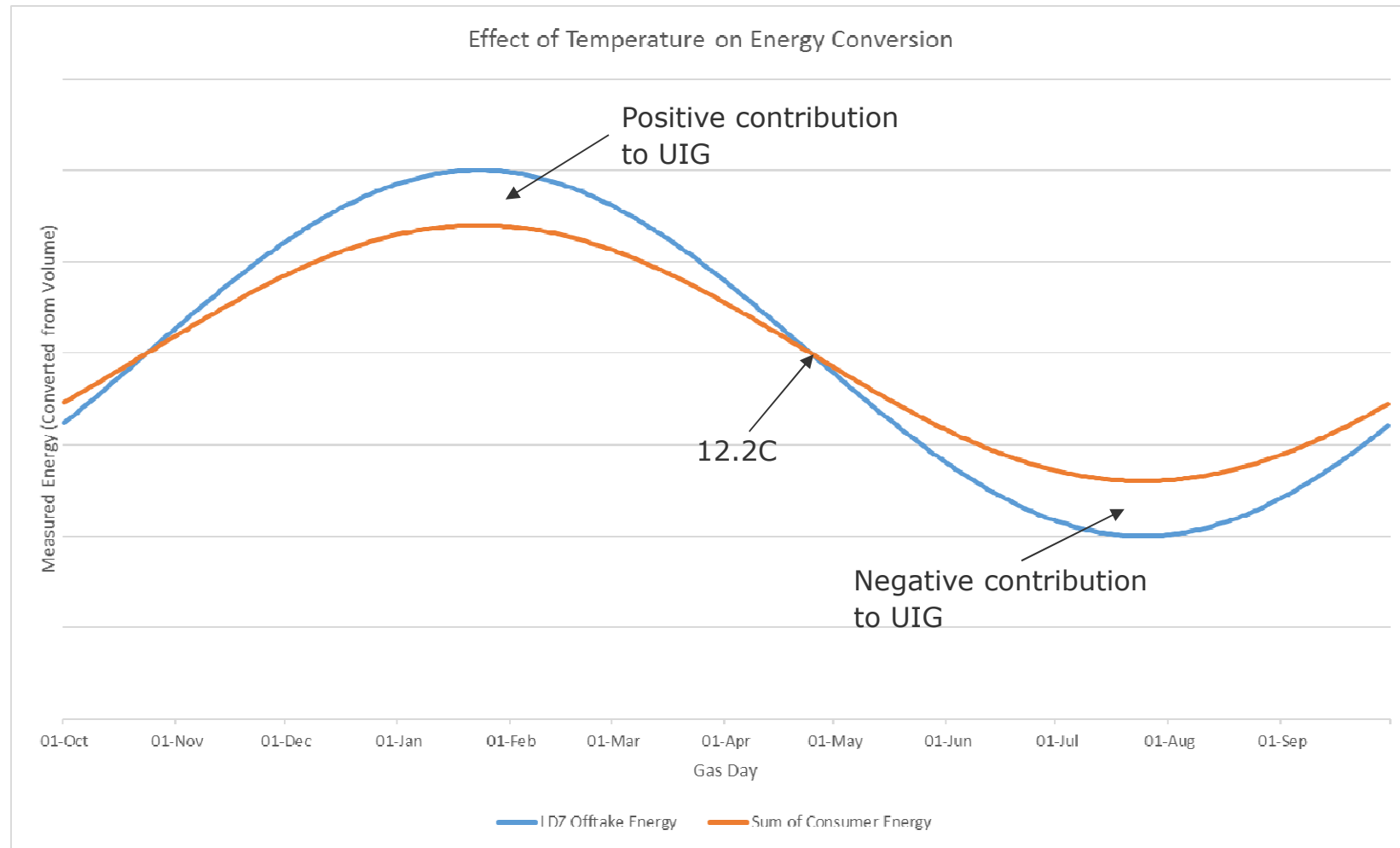
■ Status of Consultation Responses

Issue Ref	Issue	Raised By	Response Ref	Status
1	Refer to Xoserve as CDSP	Eon	2018_2	Closed
2	AUGS References to SSP/LSP	Eon	2018_3	Closed
3	UIG/UG Terminology	Eon	2018_4	Closed
4	Pressure & Temperature Corrections	Eon	2018_5	For analysis 2018/19
5	Non-compliance with mandatory AMR	Eon	2018_6	Closed
6	Explanation of cubic smoothing of factors	Eon	2018_7	Closed
7	Meter read spacing for consumption calculation	Eon	2018_8	Closed
8	More Detailed Theft Analysis	Eon Corona Energy ICoSS British Gas	2018_9 2018_14 2018_15 2018_17 2018_23	For analysis 2018/19
9	References to Theft Data	Eon	2018_10	Closed
10	Theft Split in SPAA Report	Eon	2018_11	Closed
11	Use of Site Specific Correction Factors	Eon	2018_12	Closed
12	AUGE Independence	Eon	2018_13	Closed
13	Shrinkage error	Corona Energy ICoSS	2018_16 2018_20	Closed Closed
14	Theft from PC2 (DMV/DME sites previously)	ICoSS	2018_18	For analysis 2018/19
15	SMART/AMR population estimates	ICoSS	2018_19	Closed
16	Impact of Nexus DM Errors	British Gas	2018_21	Closed
17	Allocation of Balancing Factor to DM Sites	British Gas	2018_22	Closed
18	Smart Meter Population	British Gas	2018_24	Closed
19	Uniformly Allocable Sources of UG	British Gas	2018_25	Closed
20	Statistical Housekeeping	British Gas	2018_26	Closed

Energy Conversion

- Relies on accurate Pressure, Temperature & CV
- Specifically asked to consider effect of fixed P&T correction factors

Effect of Temperature on Energy Conversion



Effect of Temperature on Energy Conversion

- UIG will display a seasonal pattern due to approximations in energy conversion
 - Discrepancy is $\sim 0.35\%$ per DegC**
 - Gas temperatures in domestic meters in range 0-24 degC**
 - Discrepancy in energy $\pm 4\%$ **
 - May be offset by pressure effect
- UIG will vary geographically due to temperature variations
- Only get permanent UG where +ve and -ve UIG don't cancel out
 - Previous assumption $\rightarrow 12.2\text{C}$ is a good average estimate over 4yrs

**Gas energy measurement. A consultation document. Ofgem, Nov 2000

Pressure

- Standard Pressure – 1013.25mb
- Altitude
 - Standard P Factor -> 66m above sea level
 - Discrepancy is $\sim 0.12\%$ per 10m altitude difference**
- Daily Air Pressure Variation

**Gas energy measurement. A consultation document. Ofgem, Nov 2000

Proposed Altitude Analysis

- Calculate Total Consumption using current P/T factors
 - Only meters with successful consumption calculation
 - Only meters with standard correction factors
- Obtain data
 - Meter Altitude
- Recalculate Total Consumption for comparison

- Data Required for Analysis
 - Meter level altitude data (OS), mapped to MPRN by CDSP
 - 3 LDZs?
 - Gas years 2009-2016?

Proposed Pressure/Temperature Analysis

- Calculate Total Consumption using current P/T factors
 - Only meters with successful consumption calculation
 - Only meters without converters fitted
- Obtain data
 - Historic Temperature and Pressure
- Recalculate Total Consumption for comparison

- Data Required for Analysis
 - Actual daily average air temperatures and air pressures
 - Actual daily average ground temperatures
 - Details of converters fitted
 - Meter set pressures
 - 3 LDZs?
 - Gas years 2009-2016?

Industry Changes and Modifications

- 659S Improvements to the Composite Weather Variable

Theft – Current Data/Method

- Detected theft records available from CDSP
 - Record by record for individual thefts (anonymised)
- SPAA Schedule 33 report
 - Aggregate level only

- It is not appropriate to use detected theft records to draw conclusions about undetected theft
 - Detected theft levels are the result of targeting
 - Theft will only be detected where the Supplier looks for it

Theft – 2019/20

- Develop a method for removing bias from the detected theft records
- Allow undetected theft to be estimated from adjusted detected theft
 - Replace existing method, which is based on limited data
 - Include Smart Meter/AMR/Traditional meter split
- Analysis requires additional data
- Line by line theft records as provided by Suppliers
 - TRAS Outcome files
 - All data: leads (“suspected incidents”), investigations and detections
- Full versions supplied to CDSP
- CDSP anonymise and provide to AUG Expert
 - MPRNs replaced with dummy values consistent with those used elsewhere

Theft – Approach

- Lead
- Investigation
- Detection

- Investigations and detections influenced by Supplier strategy
 - Choice of how much and what to investigate

- Leads from certain sources are unbiased
 - TRAS, MRA and Tip-Off
 - Relative levels reflective of prevalence of suspicious activity in wider population
 - Same pattern as undetected theft

Theft – Approach

- Use this subset of leads to produce figures for detected thefts with Supplier strategy influence removed
 - Leads → Investigations
 - Investigations → Detections
- Split by EUC/Product Class
 - Additional split by Smart/AMR/Traditional
- Use theft quantity in each case
 - More kWh per unit time from larger sites
- Convert to proportions
- Apply to Balancing Factor

Theft – Smart Meters

- Relative level of theft from Smart Meters is key to UG calculations
- Smart Meters still not fully represented in asset data
- Use serial numbers as well as asset data to identify Smart Meters
 - Serial numbers should be recorded in TRAS Outcome files
 - If not, CDSP can retrieve them using MPRN
 - Map serial number to meter type
 - CDSP supply mapping only to AUG Expert, not the serial numbers themselves
- Asset data and these rules combined should identify the vast majority of Smart Meters

Theft – Smart Meters

- Elster Smart Meter
 - BKG4E

- Secure Smart Meter
 - 14P, 15P, 16P

- Landis and Gyr Smart Meter
 - E6S

- Any more?

Theft – Data

- TRAS/SPAA data request written and under review by industry/CDSP
- Final draft 13th August
- To be considered at meeting on 21st August

- Summary of data requested:
 - EUC/Product Class
 - Meter Type (traditional/Smart/AMR) – from asset data/serial number
 - Meter installation date - from asset data
 - Source of lead (MAM, MRA, GT, TRAS, own analysis, tip-off)
 - Lead investigated? (Yes/No)
 - Theft detected? (Yes/No)
 - Gas stolen (kWh)
 - Theft type (tampering code)
 - Start and end dates of theft

Product Class 2

- Product Class consists of two types of sites
 - Ex-DMV/DME: these have low UG levels
 - Ex-NDM LSP: these have higher UG levels
- Need to deal with both in same Product Class

- Type of each PC2 site can be traced
 - Ex-DMV/DME, ex-NDM LSP
 - Appropriate UG level applied to each during analysis

- Improved quantification of theft levels also feeds into calculation
 - Smart Meter and AMR

Product Class 2

- UG for PC2 split into components during analysis
- Same approach as used for PC2 EUCs 1-3
 - Smart or traditional meter
- Combine into single set of factors for the Product Class
- Overall UG will be correct for PC2 as a whole
 - Cross-subsidy between ex-DMV/DME and ex-NDM LSP will still exist
 - Same as for Smart or Traditional meters in PC4

Proposed Data Sources

- Updated datasets from CDSP
 - Data Specification Issued 13 July

Date Requested	Reason for Request	Data Type/Information required	Data Provider	Due Date	Status
13/07/2018	Calculation of Consumption	Allocations Final allocations including CSEPS from 01/10/2016 to 30/09/2017, new data only	Xoserve	10/08/2018	Not Provided
13/07/2018	Calculation of Consumption	Throughput Required from point of Nexus go-live	Xoserve	10/08/2018	Not Provided
13/07/2018	Calculation of Consumption	AQ History Updated AQ history files to be provided containing any new AQ records since previous data drop.	Xoserve	By LDZ as available	Not Provided
13/07/2018	Calculation of Consumption	CSEP Invoicing Data at 1 Oct 2017 - Supply point counts and Aqs - AQ recalculation success rates	Xoserve	10/08/2018	Not Provided
13/07/2018	Calculation of Consumption	Factors (Profiling Algorithm Parameters) An update containing the most recent factors (gas year 2016/17) is required	Xoserve		Not Provided
13/07/2018	Calculation of Consumption	Meter Errors (LDZ, CSEP, DM & Unique) All meter error adjustments from 1/04/2008 onwards, "closed" meter errors only	Xoserve		Not Provided
13/07/2018	Calculation of Consumption	Meter Asset Information Update of Meter Info files containing all updates since the previous data drop	Xoserve	By LDZ as available	Not Provided
13/07/2018	Calculation of Consumption	Meter reads & volumes Updated meter reads from 01/04/2008	Xoserve	By LDZ as available	Not Provided
13/07/2018	Calculation of Consumption	Prime/Sub Meters	Xoserve		Not Provided

Proposed Data Sources

- New datasets from CDSP - Requested
 - Elevation data
- New theft data – Request to be considered at TIG (21 Aug)
 - SPAA Schedule 33 Report
 - Supporting data regarding report completeness
 - Record level theft investigation/outcome data
 - All qualified outliers/leads identified by TRAS/ETTOS
- Additional data requirements
 - Historic actual temperatures (air, ground, at meter?)
 - Historic actual pressures
 - Details of converters fitted

Next Steps

- AUGÉ to report back at Early Engagement Meeting – End Oct
- Any Feedback?

Thank you

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