Joint Office of Gas Transporters

Modification Report Amend the BNFA Neutrality Interest Rate Modification Reference Number 0065

Version 2.0

This Modification Report is made pursuant to Rule 7.3 of the Modification Rules and follows the format required under Rule 9.6.

1. The Modification Proposal

The Proposal was as follows:

"This Proposal seeks to amend the current definition for 'Neutrality Interest Rate' as provided under UNC General Terms, Section C - Interpretation paragraph 1: Defined Terms which states that:

"Neutrality Interest Rate" means the percentage rate calculated as the base rate for the time being of Barclays Bank plc divided by 365.

National Grid NTS proposes that reference to 'Barclays Bank plc' base rate be amended to 'prevailing' rate.

The objective of the Balancing Neutrality Finance Adjustment (BNFA) is to ensure that National Grid NTS (in respect of the Balancing Neutrality Account) neither gains nor loses through timing differences in cash flow, relating to receipts and payments which make up Balancing Neutrality and Balancing Neutrality apportionment.

UNC Section F 4.6, states that the BNFA for a day is the amount calculated as the Neutrality Interest Rate for the day multiplied by the closing cash balance for that day. The BNFA can be either a payment or receipt in respect of both Balancing and Reconciliation charges.

Following the Network Sales on the 1st May 2005, xoserve adopted the responsibility of managing and owning the Balancing Neutrality account. Interest charged/earned is debited/credited directly to/from this account. Interest charges/receipts are recovered/distributed to the relevant Users through the Balancing Neutrality mechanism.

Under current arrangements any interest on the Balancing Neutrality account is calculated based on the Balancing Neutrality account balance (ie the debit/credit). Therefore, in order for the Balancing Neutrality account to remain neutral, the interest rate applied to BNFA invoice item on the Balancing Invoice and the interest rate applied by the bank in respect of the Neutrality Account must be an equal rate. This is currently not the case as, under the current arrangements, National Grid NTS receives a lower rate of interest, than the current Barclays Bank plc base rate, for any interest applied to this account. This rate applies whether it has interest due to the account or due from the account.

The prevailing UNC states that the applicable rate for the Neutrality Interest Rate is Barclays Bank plc base rate. Therefore, when the Balancing Neutrality account is in credit, National Grid NTS is required to apply, to relevant Users, a greater interest payment, through the BNFA, than was actually received, from the bank, through the Balancing Neutrality account. Conversely, when the account is overdrawn, the interest rate charged is below that recovered from relevant Users.

National Grid NTS believes that the current method of applying the BNFA does not conform to the basic principles and intent of the Balancing Neutrality mechanism and may inappropriately apportion neutrality. National Grid NTS proposes that the Neutrality Interest Rate be amended such that the 'prevailing interest' rate is referred to instead of the 'Barclays Bank plc interest rate'. This would ensure that the applicable Neutrality Interest Rate would be equal to the interest rate applied by the relevant bank in respect of the Balancing Neutrality account."

2. Extent to which implementation of the proposed modification would better facilitate the relevant objectives

The Proposer believed, "that the implementation of an amendment to the defined term 'Neutrality Interest Rate' would ensure that the calculation of the BNFA would be consistent with the principles of Balancing Neutrality. Implementation of this proposed change would mitigate any risk that Balancing Neutrality costs were inappropriately apportioned across the relevant Users and therefore would better facilitate 'effective competition between relevant shippers and between relevant suppliers' in accordance with Paragraph 1.(d) of Standard Special Condition A11 (Network Code and Uniform Network Code) of the relevant GT Licences."

NGUKD was of the opinion that, "implementation is fully consistent with National Grid's licence obligations to promote competition between shippers and suppliers by ensuring the interest payments relating to this account are transparent and predictable, and therefore we are in accordance with the proposer's view that implementation would be consistent with the relevant objective."

In its separate representation NGTNTS stated that it had "no further comments beyond those contained within the original Proposal."

3. The implications of implementing the Modification Proposal on security of supply, operation of the Total System and industry fragmentation

No such implications have been identified.

4. The implications for Transporters and each Transporter of implementing the Modification Proposal, including

a) implications for operation of the System:

No such implications have been identified.

b) development and capital cost and operating cost implications:

No such implications have been identified.

c) extent to which it is appropriate to recover the costs, and proposal for the most appropriate way to recover the costs:

No cost recovery requirement has been identified.

d) analysis of the consequences (if any) this proposal would have on price regulation:

No such consequences have been identified.

5. The consequence of implementing the Modification Proposal on the level of contractual risk of each Transporter under the Code as modified by the Modification Proposal

No such consequence has been identified.

6. The high level indication of the areas of the UK Link System likely to be affected, together with the development implications and other implications for the UK Link Systems and related computer systems of each Transporter and Users

No such implications have been identified.

7. The implications of implementing the Modification Proposal for Users, including administrative and operational costs and level of contractual risk

The Proposer commented that, "Any Balancing Neutrality costs associated with use of an inappropriate interest rate would be resolved by implementation of this Proposal."

In NGTUKD's view, "It is clearly in the interests of all parties that this bank account is managed as efficiently as possible and the application of a commercially available interest rate, rather than a nominal one, is the simplest way of implementing this particular obligation."

8. The implications of implementing the Modification Proposal for Terminal Operators, Consumers, Connected System Operators, Suppliers, producers and, any Non Code Party

The Proposer understood that, "It is possible that any Balancing Neutrality benefits or additional costs associated with implementation would be passed on to suppliers and/or consumers."

9. Consequences on the legislative and regulatory obligations and contractual relationships of each Transporter and each User and Non Code Party of implementing the Modification Proposal

No such consequences have been identified.

10. Analysis of any advantages or disadvantages of implementation of the Modification Proposal

Advantages

The Proposer identified the following advantages of Implementation:

- "Ensure that the principles of Balancing Neutrality were upheld.
- Ensure that the Balancing Neutrality Account was balanced appropriately.
- Ensure that no costs were generated and borne by one individual outside the principles of Balancing Neutrality charging."

NGUKD was of the opinion that, "the proposed arrangements should improve the ease by which interest payments are accounted for in the energy balancing neutrality account and, consequently, will improve the transparency and efficiency of these transactions."

Disadvantages

The Proposer identified the following disadvantage:

- "The relevant Users would probably receive lower payments when the account was in credit but conversely would receive lower charges when the account was overdrawn."
- 11. Summary of representations received (to the extent that the import of those representations are not reflected elsewhere in the Modification Report)

Representations were received from the following two parties:

National Grid Gas plc (NTS) NGNTS Support

National Grid Gas plc (UK Distribution) NGUKD Support

Both respondents supported the Modification Proposal.

12. The extent to which the implementation is required to enable each Transporter to facilitate compliance with safety or other legislation

No such requirements have been identified.

13. The extent to which the implementation is required having regard to any proposed change in the methodology established under paragraph 5 of Condition A4 or the statement furnished by each Transporter under paragraph 1 of Condition 4 of the Transporter's Licence

No such requirements have been identified.

14. Programme for works required as a consequence of implementing the Modification Proposal

No programme for works has been identified.

15. Proposed implementation timetable (including timetable for any necessary information systems changes)

It is assumed that supporters of this Proposal also support immediate implementation.

16. Implications of implementing this Modification Proposal upon existing Code Standards of Service

No such implications have been identified.

17. Recommendation regarding implementation of this Modification Proposal and the number of votes of the Modification Panel

At the Modification Panel Meeting held on 19 January 2006, of the 8 Voting Members present, capable of casting 8 votes, 8 votes were cast in favour of implementing this Modification Proposal. Therefore the Panel recommend implementation of this Proposal.

18. Transporter's Proposal

This Modification Report contains the Transporter's proposal to modify the Code and the Transporter now seeks direction from the Gas & Electricity Markets Authority in accordance with this report.

19. Text

UNIFORM NETWORK CODE - GENERAL TERMS SECTION C - INTERPRETATION

1 DEFINED TERMS

Amend the definition of Neutrality Interest Rate to read as follows:

""Neutrality Interest Rate" means the <u>percentage rate calculated as the base interest</u> rate <u>applied from time to time to the bank account used by National Grid NTS for the purposes of receiving, and making, payment of the amounts specified in TPD Section F4.6.2. for the time being of Barclays Bank plc divided by 365."</u>

Joint Office of Gas Transporters

Subject Matter Expert sign off:
I confirm that I have prepared this modification report in accordance with the Modification $Rules$.
Signature:
Date:
Signed for and on behalf of Relevant Gas Transporters:
Tim Davis Chief Executive, Joint Office of Gas Transporters
Signature:
Date: