

Existing 5 Day View Methodology

Non Storage/LNG Supplies (NSS)

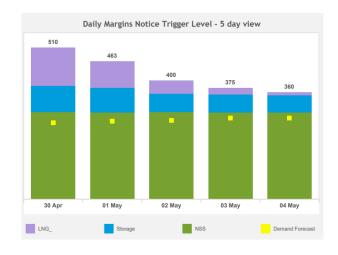
- Determined by National Grid based on best available information of maximum upstream asset capability for terminals and interconnectors.
- Reviewed regularly throughout the winter.

Storage

- Uses the relationship between stock level and deliverability (decay) curve provided by the site
 operators.
- Assumes max deliverability for each site based on its deliverability curve and reduces the stock value by this amount for the following days calculation (up to D-5).

LNG

- Assumes LNG will deliver at 95th percentile of their flows over the last 3 winters (cold weather capability).
- Min tank level is determined by lowest stock we've seen plus 18 days worth of boil off flow (assumed typical boat transit time).
- Applies cold weather capability everyday unless stock level drops below min tank level in which case limited to available volume and then just boil off for subsequent days (up to D-5).



National Grid 2

5 Day View Limitations & New Margins Notice Forecast

Existing 5 day view

- The 5 day view often shows a significant reduction in supply availability because it assumes storage facilities withdraw gas at their maximum rates based on prevailing stock level
- This is often not reflective of actual storage behaviour unless it coincides with a period of high demand
- Actual Margins Notice trigger levels therefore tend to remain more constant than the 5 day view suggests

Margins Notice Forecast

- Intended to provide a more realistic view of what the trigger level might be on any day out to D-7
- Based on week ahead demand forecast and different storage and LNG assumptions
- Our intention is to publish it every day on National Grid Prevailing View between 1 October and 30 March

New Margins Notice Forecast Methodology

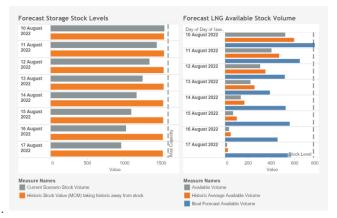
Proposed changes in **RED** from D-5 methodology

Non Storage/LNG Supplies (NSS)

As per existing methodology, determined by National Grid and reviewed through winter.

Storage

- Uses the relationship between stock level and deliverability (decay) curve provided by the site
 operators.
- Assumes max deliverability for each site based on its deliverability curve but reduces the stock
 value by the 7 day historical average withdrawal for the following day's calculation (up to D-7).



LNG

- Assumes LNG will deliver at average of last 7 days actual flow.
- Minimum tank level is determined by lowest historical stock observed at each terminal plus X days worth of boil off flow (X based on number of days until next cargo through National Grid LNG cargo monitoring).
- Applies average of last 7 days actual flow into the NTS every day unless stock level drops below min tank level in which case limited to available volume and then boil off for subsequent days (up to D-7).

National Grid 4

Confidence Bands

Demand Forecast

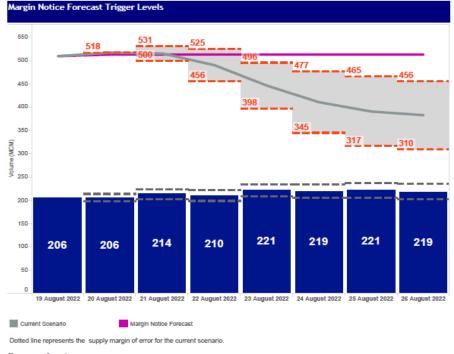
 Confidence bands will be placed around demand forecasts based on the historic average error (in mcm) for each forecast day (D-1 to D-7)

Margins Notice Max Available Supply Forecast

 Confidence bands will be placed around the max supply forecast based on historic error (in % terms) between final margins notice on D-1 and earlier forecasts of this (D-2 to D-7)

Margin Notice Forecast

Gas Day Executed on: 19/08/2022 Reporting For: 19/08/22 to 26/08/22



Forecast Surplus

The difference between the margin notice and the demand forecast



National Grid

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