### **UNC Modification**

# UNC 0672:

# Target, Measure & Report Product Class 4 Read Performance

At what stage is this document in the process?



04

Final Modification Report

### **Purpose of Modification:**

This Modification seeks to reduce Unidentified Gas (UIG) volume by providing a target for read submission performance for Product Class 4 sites against overall portfolio. This Modification proposes to target and measure performance against an agreed percentage for Energy reconciled after a defined period and provide PAC with an un-anonomysed report which will enable them to target shippers whose performance is below the target threshold.



The Proposer recommends that this Modification should be:

- subject to self-governance
- · assessed by a Workgroup

This Modification will be presented by the Proposer to the Panel on 19<sup>th</sup> September 2019. The Panel will consider the Proposer's recommendation and determine the appropriate route.



High Impact:

None



Medium Impact:

CDSP and Shippers



Low Impact:

**Transporters** 

Workgroup Report presented to Panel

Modification Panel decision

Draft Modification Report issued for consultation

Consultation Close-out for representations

Final Modification Report available for Panel

#### **3** Any Contents questions? **Summary** 3 1 Contact: Joint Office of Gas 2 Governance <u>45</u> Transporters 3 Why Change? <u>45</u> **Code Specific Matters** <u>78</u> 4 enquiries@gasgove rnance.co.uk 5 **Solution** <u>78</u> **2**0121 2<u>88 2107</u> **Impacts & Other Considerations** <del>910</del> 6 7 **Relevant Objectives** <u>10</u>11 Proposer: **Steph Clements** Implementation <u>10</u>11 8 ScottishPower <u>10</u>11 Legal Text 10 Recommendations <u>1112</u> Stephanie.clements 11 Appendix @scottishpower.co 0141 614 8775 Timetable Transporter: The Proposer recommends the following timetable: Cadent Initial consideration by Workgroup 31 October 2018 C

19th December 2019

19th December 2019

23rd January 2020

30th January 2020

20th February 2020



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### 1 Summary

#### What

There has been excessive levels and volatility in Unidentified Gas (UIG) since the implementation of Project Nexus on 01 June 2017. To ensure the accuracy of energy calculations it is extremely important that regular meter reads are submitted for all Supply Points. Supply Points with no read accepted by Xoserve in 12+ months increase the risk of inaccurate deemed energy volumes, which drive volatility in UIG allocation and reconciliation.

UIG levels could be reduced by ensuring that Shippers are submitting as many regular and valid meter reads as possible for sites within Product Class 4. Providing shippers with a read performance target against overall portfolio will result in a more accurate deemed energy volumes and in turn will reduce the volatility in UIG allocation and reconciliation.

### Why

Ofgem have highlighted in response to previous Modifications, (notably UNC 0619 & 0642/0643) that they consider meter read submission performance a significant influencing factor in UIG, which is further supported by Xoserve UIG Task Force (as established by UNC Mod 0658) who have identified that lack of meter reads is a major risk factor for UIG.

- For Class 1 and 2 sites, this means that an estimate is used in daily allocation. The difference between
  estimate and actual creates UIG. This is resolved once an actual reading is received.
- For Class 3 and 4 sites, this delays reconciliation and means that AQ could be out of date.

The proposer of this Modification agrees that more frequent meter read submission and a greater percentage of reads against the overall portfolio will reduce levels of UIG exposure, as a greater percentage of a shippers overall portfolio will be settling on more accurate deemed energy volumes.

At present there are read submission performance targets set out in the UNC TPD Section M but these target percentage of sites that a read should be submitted for. The risk is that if there are larger sites where a read is not received that will be contributing more to UIG even though the shipper may be achieving the read submission target. There is currently insufficient reporting detail to show performance against overall portfolio and no target within UNC TPD Section M that shippers should achieve.

The benefit of introducing an additional read performance obligation on shippers would be to increase the accuracy of the total kWh settled in Product Class 4 which would in turn increase confidence in the accuracy of nominations, allocations, reconciliations, energy charges and UIG arising from Product Class 4 sites, which should reduce volatility across the market.

### How

The solution will be to introduce an obligation for shippers to achieve set performance for readings against overall AO portfolio for:

- Class 4 with an AQ >293,000kWh
- Class 4 with an AQ <293,000 with Smart/AMR equipment recorded on UKLink
- Class 4 with an AQ <293,000 without Smart/AMR equipment recorded on UKLink.</li>

August AQ at Risk Statistics are available at: <a href="https://gasgov-mst-files.s3.eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/s3fs-public/ggf/2019-09/3.6%20AQ%20At%20Risk%20Statistics%20October%202019.pdf">https://gasgov-mst-files.s3.eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/s3fs-public/ggf/2019-09/3.6%20AQ%20At%20Risk%20Statistics%20October%202019.pdf</a>

New reporting would be required to:

- ⇒ Calculate the shipper performance vs target by product class
- ⇒ Calculate the shipper performance by annually read sites
- Calculate the shipper performance by monthly read sites both SMART/AMR and AQ >293,000 kwh

The reporting would be produced monthly and shippers will be measured against a target of percentage (%) of overall AQ portfolio reconciled to an actual read:

- a) Annual read sites no reading for > 12months.
- b) Monthly read sites no reading for > 1 month.

This target would mean that shippers with monthly read sites would need to provide readings within one month and reporting would be to show AQ volume without a read >1 month. Shippers with annually read sites would need to provide readings within 12months and reporting would be to show AQ volume without a read >12months

The % energy reconciled target will be set initially at the levels stated below, these will be detailed in the Performance Assurance Report Register. This can be amended by UNCC majority. Class 4 with an AQ >293,000kWh – Reads submitted for 90% of overall AQ portfolio for the previous month.

- Class 4 with an AQ <293,000 with Smart/AMR equipment recorded on UKLink Reads submitted for 90% of overall AQ portfolio for the previous month.
- Class 4 with an AQ <293,000 without Smart/AMR equipment recorded on UKLink Reads submitted for 90% of overall AQ portfolio for the previous 12 months.

### Governance

### **Justification for Authority Direction**

This Modification seeks to provide enhanced reporting and a target performance measure based on industry standard, it is therefore suggested that this should be self-governed as it will not result in additional costs for shippers.

### **Requested Next Steps**

This modification should:

- be subject to self-governance
- be assessed by a Workgroup

### Why Change?

There has been excessive levels and volatility in nominations, reconciliations and UIG since implementation of Nexus. Supply Points with no read accepted by Xoserve in 12+ months are at high risk of having inaccurate deemed energy volumes and thereby creating UIG and uncertainty.

At present there are read submission performance targets set out in the UNC TPD Section M but these target percentage of sites that a readings should be submitted for. The risk is that if there are larger sites where a

reading is not received that will be contributing more to UIG even though the shipper may be achieving the read submission target see worked example fig.1. There is currently insufficient reporting detail to show performance against overall portfolio and no target within UNC TPD Section M that shippers should achieve. Total kWh settled and no accompanying target.

- Shipper A has 41 Class 4 monthly read MPRs with a total AQ of 500,000 kWh
  - 3 MPRs each have an AQ of 40,000 kWh
  - 38 MPRs each have an AQ of 10,000 kWh
- Current standard is to read 90% of MPRs each month
  - 90% of MPRs = 36.9 MPRs, effectively 37 MPRs out of 41
     might only read the smaller sites as little as 370,000
     kWh of AQ
  - 90% of AQ = 450,000 kWh any combination of MPRs, as long as the AQ target is achieved

#### Fig.1

Identifying and reporting read performance against the overall portfolio this will encourage Shippers to submit reads in a timely manner and target larger sites where a lack of reading has a greater impact on UIG, this will ensure accurate energy calculations take place. It will provide PAC with an additional measure which they can use to monitor shipper performance and challenge where this does not meet the required standard. This will help reduce volatility of nominations, allocations, reconciliations and UIG. This change will also provide confidence in these measures for Product Class 4.

If this change is not implemented, then UIG volatility will remain and confidence in the volumes attributed to Product Class 4 sites will remain a concern.

### **Analysis**

### ScottishPower Analysis

Working from the following assumption:

- The more recent the read, the more recent the Annual Quantity (AQ) Calculation
- The more recent the AQ Calculation, the more accurate the AQ
- The more accurate the AQ, the more accurate the NDM allocation
- The more accurate the NDM allocation, the less volatile the UIG

Analysis was carried out by ScottishPower on AQ's which calculated on 1st July 2018 to confirm the volatility of AQ movement based on the last time the AQ calculated.

The data was all Product Class 4 Meter Point Reference Numbers (MPRN) taken from T04 records which met the following criteria:

- REVISED\_SUPPLY\_METER\_POINT\_AQ\_EFFECTIVE\_DATE = 01/07/2018
- CONFIRMATION EFFECTIVE\_DATE < 01/07/2017 to ensure supply period > 1 year
- AQ\_CORRECTION\_REASON\_CODE = null

The MPRN list was then compared against T04 records from July 17 – June 18 to confirm the previous calculation date.

NOTE: October / April list only included meter points where REVISED\_SUPPLY\_METER\_POINT\_AQ\_EFFECTIVE\_DATE was populated.

The data was then grouped into 3 categories based on PERCENTAGE\_AQ\_CHANGE on 01/07/2018:

- Where the AQ has moved under +/- 10% low volatility to the AQ, pre-01/07/2018 AQ would still have been accurate
- Where the AQ has moved between +/- 10% to +/-50%
- Where the AQ has moved over +/- 50% high volatility with AQ movement, pre-01/07/2018 AQ not have been accurate

The % of MPRNs calculating in each of the 3 categories based on the last calculation date:

The 01/06/2017 date is used as a default, as an AQ had not calculated since Project Nexus Go-Live but last calculation date could be any time pre-01/06/2017.

Fig2 Graph below highlights the link between the AQ % movement and the time between read submissions.

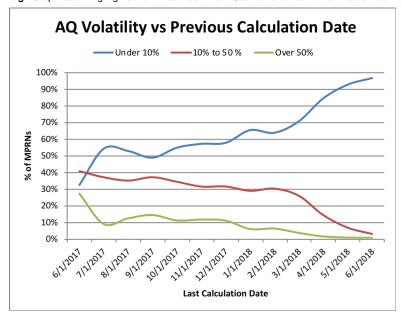


Fig.2
Key points are:

- Low volatility where the last AQ was calculated within the last 3 months as 84 96% of MPRNs moved by <10%</li>
- There is some volatility where the last AQ calculated within the last 4 -12 months as 50 70% of MPRNs moved by <10%, though only C10% of MPRNs moved by >50%
- Much higher volatility where the last calculation date is > 12 months as 27% of MPRNs moved by >50%. Only 32% of AQ's moved by <10%.</li>

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Version <u>9.0</u> <u>8.0</u> 25 February 2020 8<sup>th</sup> December 2019

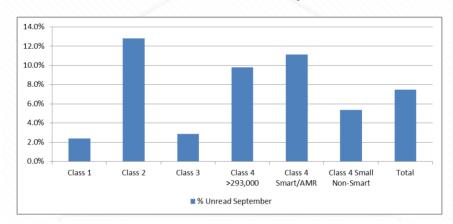
If the new AQ's on 1st July had not calculated, the meter points that had not calculated > 12 months ago would have caused higher UIG volatility than a site calculated more recently.

### **Xoserve Analysis**

AQ at Risk Prototype Reporting

Xoserve have produced a prototype report which analyses UK wide performance for AQ at Risk. This shows that for the month of September 7.5% of the overall AQ has had no reading. It also provides evidence that Product Class 4 sites with an AQ >293,000 kWh have worse performance than those with an AQ <293,000 kWh and therefore are a greater risk to UIG.

## AQ at Risk Breakdown as at 10 Sep 2019 - % of Total



### 4 Code Specific Matters

### **Reference Documents**

UNC Transportation Principle Document (TPD) Sections M https://www.gasgovernance.co.uk/TPD

### 5 Solution

This proposal seeks to amend UNC TPD Sections M.

A new report will be included in the Performance Assurance Report Register (PARR) document. This reporting will be shared with PAC on a monthly basis at an un-anonymised level.

For the avoidance of doubt, a Change Proposal will be raised with the CDSP to ensure that MPRN level data would be made available to individual shippers.

This target would provide shippers with specific targets to submit Meter Readings based upon the AQ or the Supply Meter Point and the equipment present.

#### **Business Rules**

- It is proposed that there is a new read performance obligation added to UNC TPD Section M to obligate Shippers to submit Meter Readings for Class 4 Supply Meters meeting the criteria of the following reports.
  - a) Percentage monthly read AQ for sites >=293,000 Class 4 sites with an AQ >293,000 kWh will need to submit a Meter Reading within a 1 month window for 90% of their Shipper AQ Portfolio meeting the criteria specified in this paragraph.
  - b) Percentage monthly read AQ for sites <293,000 with SMART/AMR Class 4 sites with an AQ <293,000 kWh and where an Operational Smart Meter is fitted or an Advanced Meter is flagged as being present at the Supply Meter Point will need to submit a Meter Reading within a 1month window for 90% of their Shipper AQ Portfolio meeting the criteria specified in this paragraph.</p>
  - c) Percentage annually read AQ for sites <293,000 with no SMART/AMR Class 4 sites with an AQ <293,000kWh and where neither an Operational Smart Meter is fitted or an Advanced Meter is flagged as being present at the Supply Meter Point will need to submit a Meter Reading within a 12 month window for 90% of their Shipper AQ Portfolio meeting the criteria specified in this paragraph.
- Operational Smart Meter means where a Meter Reading is capable of being able to be retrieved remotely from the asset and made available to the Registered Supplier. For the avoidance of doubt the CDSP shall determine the Smart Meter as being Operational where:
  - a) A Meter is installed with a NS or S1 Meter Mechanism where the Installing Supplier is the current Registered Supplier;
  - b) A Meter is installed with a Meter Mechanism of S2; or
  - c) The DCC Flag recorded
- 3. The formula to calculate performance for each report is:

<u>Total AQ for eligible Supply Meter Points where a Meter Reading has been obtained that meets the report criteria \* 100</u> = Performance % Total AQ for eligible Supply Meter Points which meet the report criteria

- The percentage target for each measure will be detailed in the Performance Assurance Report Register.
- 5. For each Gas Year, the Performance Assurance Committee will maintain or revise the read performance obligation. The Performance Assurance Committee will consult with the Uniform Network Code Committee (UNCC) on any revisions and provide the reasons for the revisions.

Not later than 31st August in the Preceding Year (and in sufficient time to meet CDSP system time constraints), the PAC will confirm to the CDSP any revisions, who will apply them from 1st October for the upcoming Gas Year. The PAC will also confirm any revisions to Users.

- 2. Where the Performance Assurance Committee is unable to or does not determine any revisions for the upcoming Gas Year, the CDSP shall rollover all values applying in the preceding Gas Year This can be amended by UNCC majority.
- 3-6. Read submission would be measured by the receipt of a valid read, accepted into CDSP systems. The relevant percentage would be calculated on a monthly basis for performance in the previous calendar month. The AQ's in the portfolio would be calculated as of the 1st day of the month.
- 4.7. Any Class 4 Supply Meter is subject to this regime except for:
  - a) Following a Change of Shipper event after the last day of the preceding month performance measurement would begin from the first day of the following month after the Supply Point was registered allowing complete months to be measured.
  - b) Where a Smart or Advanced Meter is installed which replaces an asset which is not an Operational Smart Meter or Advanced Meter after the last day of the preceding month

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- performance regime would start from the first day of the following month after the asset was installed allowing complete months to be measured.
- c) Where a Supply Meter Point no longer qualifies for monthly performance within a calendar month then it will not be subject to the Monthly performance measure for the performance period. It will be a candidate for the annual performance measure from the start of the subsequent performance period. For the avoidance of doubt, as the Annual process is a collation of 12 monthly performance periods; once the Shipper has 12 consecutive performance periods they will be included in the Annual Performance Report.

<del>d)</del>

- 5-8. For the avoidance of doubt, when a Supply Meter Point is reclassified to become a Class 4 Supply Meter, or a Meter is no longer an Operational Smart Meter or Advanced Meter for example as a result of the Installing Supplier no longer being the Registered User the revised applicable performance regime would start with immediate effect.
- 6-9. A Supply Meter Point AQ would remain in the AQ reporting pot for the month in which it was changed and would then be included in the Shipper's AQ Portfolio from the 1st day of the following month
- 7-10. For the avoidance of doubt, the report described in business rule 1 shall be produced upon implementation of this Modification and be added to the PARR in line with the specification, see Appendix 1. Reporting will be produced on the 10<sup>th</sup> day following month end and will be reported to PAC on the second Tuesday of the following month.

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### 6 Impacts & Other Considerations

# Does this modification impact a Significant Code Review (SCR) or other significant industry change projects, if so, how?

None identified

### **Consumer Impacts**

No direct consumer impacts identified. However, the workgroup should take into consideration any possible consumer impacts during the assessment of this Modification.

### **Cross Code Impacts**

This performance measure will be applicable to IGT sites so here may be IGT UNC impacts will likely be required to be considered by the workgroup.

### **EU Code Impacts**

None identified

### **Central Systems Impacts**

There should be limited central systems impact other than the provision of the new reporting.

### 7 Relevant Objectives

Impact of the modification on the Relevant Objectives:						
Relevant Objective	Identified impact					
a) Efficient and economic operation of the pipe-line system.	None					
b) Coordinated, efficient and economic operation of	None					
(i) the combined pipe-line system, and/ or						
(ii) the pipe-line system of one or more other relevant gas transporters.						
c) Efficient discharge of the licensee's obligations.	None					
d) Securing of effective competition:	Positive					
(i) between relevant shippers;						
(ii) between relevant suppliers; and/or						
(iii) between DN operators (who have entered into transportation						
arrangements with other relevant gas transporters) and relevant shippers.						
e) Provision of reasonable economic incentives for relevant suppliers to secure that the domestic customer supply security standards are satisfied as	None					
respects the availability of gas to their domestic customers.						
f) Promotion of efficiency in the implementation and administration of the Code.	None					
g) Compliance with the Regulation and any relevant legally binding decisions of	None					
the European Commission and/or the Agency for the Co-operation of Energy Regulators.						

This modification proposes that by targeting meter read performance across Shippers and customer types, it should help to reduce the levels, volatility and unpredictability of UIG, reduce uncertainty in estimation and improve the accuracy of cost targeting and therefore further Relevant Objective d) Securing of effective competition between Shippers and Suppliers.

### 8 Implementation

No implementation timescales are proposed; however implementation could be as soon after a decision to implement has been received.

### 9 Legal Text

### **Text Commentary**

To be provided by Transporters

### Text

To be provided by Transporters

### 10 Recommendations

### **Proposer's Recommendation to Panel**

Panel is asked to:

Agree that this is subject to self-governance

Refer this proposal to a Workgroup for assessment.

### 11 Appendix

### **PARR Reporting**

### Schedule 2A.x – Class 4 Meter Read Performance as Percentage of AQ Read

Report Title	Class 4 read submission performance as a percentage of portfolio AQ					
Report Reference	2A.x (reference to be determined following implementation of UNC Modification 0672)					
Report Purpose	To compare Shipper performance in managing their valid meter reading submission for Class 4 supply points against targets set out in the UNC Related Document 'Percentage Overall AQ Portfolio Read in Product Class 4'.					
Expected Interpretation of the report results	The aim is to understand whether required UNC minimum standards are being met. The report should identify performance across all market participants					
Report Structure (actual report headings & description of each heading)	Monthly non-cumulative report					
	Peer Comparison Identifier					
	Separated by AQ banding and by Meter Read Frequency/equipment type					
	Percentage of portfolio AQ without a meter reading for the required duration (either one month or 12 months)					
	Industry Average					
Data inputs to the report	SSC					
	Peer Comparison Identifier					
	Annual Quantity					
	Equipment type and status (whether a Smart/advanced meter is "operational" as defined in UNC)					
	Meter reading history					
Number rounding convention	Percentage to one decimal place					
History (e.g. report builds month on month)	A Rolling 12 month view, provided monthly					

Rules governing Sites are excluded if there was a change of Shipper or where an "operational" Smart or Advanced meter was fitted for the first time in the treatment of data inputs calendar month. (actual formula/specification to prepare the report) NTS sites are excluded. IGT sites are included. Performance targets are: a) Percentage monthly read AQ for sites >=293,000 -Class 4 sites with an AQ >293,000 kWh will need to submit a Meter Reading within a 1 month window for 90% of their Shipper AQ Portfolio. b) Percentage monthly read AQ for sites <293,000 with SMART/AMR - Class 4 sites with an AQ <293,000 kWh and where an Operational Smart Meter is fitted or an Advanced Meter is flagged as being present at the Supply Meter Point will need to submit a Meter Reading within a 1month window for 90% of their Shipper AQ Portfolio. c) Percentage annually read AQ for sites <293,000 with no SMART/AMR - Class 4 sites with an AQ <293,000kWh and where neither an Operational Smart Meter is fitted or an Advanced Meter is flagged as being present at the Supply Meter Point will need to submit a Meter Reading within a 12 month window for 90% of their Shipper AQ Portfolio. The report is prepared as soon as possible after the end of the calendar month Frequency of the report Monthly Sort criteria (alphabetical Peer Comparison Identifier alphabetically ascending etc.) Requirement introduced to support UNC Modification 0672 obligations History/background Additional comments Estimated development costs Estimated ongoing costs

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Percentage of Supply Point AQ without an accepted meter reading for the required duration									
Sub-category	Month	Month x+1	Month x+2	Month x+3	Month x+4	Month x+5	Etc.		
Identifier A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		
Identifier B	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		
etc									
Industry Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		

### Separate report pages for:

- a) Percentage of monthly read AQ for sites >293,000 kWh which were without a reading for more than a month
- b) Percentage AQ for sites <293,000 kWh with SMART/AMR (where an Operational Smart Meter is fitted or an Advanced Meter is flagged as being present at the Supply Meter Point) which were without a reading for more than a month
- c) Percentage annually read AQ for sites <293,000 where neither an Operational Smart Meter is fitted or an Advanced Meter is flagged as being present at the Supply Meter Point which were without a reading for more than 12 months